









An SEC-registered Investment Advisor



The Next \$Crash

Will be the First

(Eurodollar University)











Basics of a US\$ Crash

(and related Treasury Market Destruction)

- 1. Wildly Inflationary Money Printing
- 2. Fiscally Reckless Gov't
- 3. (Dollar Exclusively) Foreign Rejection leading to Alternative Reserve Currency



Basics of a US\$ Crash

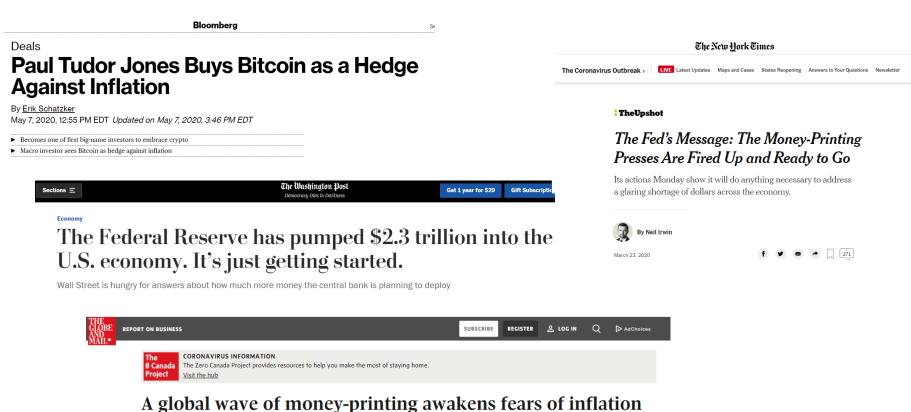
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IAN MCGUGAN >

PUBLISHED APRIL 20, 2020



TRENDING





Mr. Bernanke seems to know only two amounts: zero and trillions. Before 2008 there were only moderate increases in the Federal Reserve's aggregate balance sheet numbers, but since then the balance sheet has **exploded by trillions of dollars**.

The New Hork Times

OP-ED CONTRIBUTOR

Man Without a Plan

By Anna Jacobson Schwartz

July 25, 2009



AS Federal Reserve chairman, Ben Bernanke has committed serious sins of commission and omission and for those many sins, he does not deserve reappointment.

Let me begin with the former. It is standard practice for a central bank like the Federal Reserve to ease monetary policy to combat a

Anna Jacobson Schwartz

New York Times Op-ed July 25, 2009





But now the large US fiscal deficits are being accompanied by rapid increases in the money supply and by even more ominous increases in commercial bank reserves that could later be converted into faster money growth. The broad money supply (M2) is already increasing at an annual rate of nearly 15 per cent. The excess reserves of the banking system have ballooned from less than \$3bn a year ago to more than \$700bn (€536bn, £474bn) now.

Opinion US Inflation is looming on America's horizon Martin Feldstein looks into the Fed's future

Martin Feldstein APRIL 19 2009

The US last week showed its first signs of deflation for 55 years, prompting inevitable fears of further deflation in the future. Yet the primary reason for the negative rate of US inflation is the dramatic 30 per cent fall of commodity prices. That will not happen again. Moreover, excluding food and energy, consumer prices are up 1.8 per cent from a year ago. That is the good news: the outlook for the longer term is more ominous.

The unprecedented explosion of the US fiscal deficit raises the spectre of high future inflation. According to the Congressional Budget Office, the president's

Martin Feldstein

Financial Times Op-ed April 19, 2009





The planned asset purchases risk **currency debasement and inflation**, and we do not think they will achieve the Fed's objective of promoting employment.

OMMENTARY

An Open Letter to Ben Bernanke

e21 Staff

NOVEMBER 15, 2010 FINANCE

To: Chairman Ben Bernanke Federal Reserve Washington, DC

Dear Mr. Chairman:

We believe the Federal Reserve's large-scale asset purchase plan (so-called "quantitative easing") should be reconsidered and discontinued. We do not believe such a plan is necessary or advisable under current circumstances. The planned asset purchases risk currency debasement and inflation, and we do not think they will achieve the Fed's objective of promoting employment.

We subscribe to your statement in *The Washington Post* on November 4 that "the Federal Reserve cannot solve all the economy's problems on its own." In this case, we

Economics21 (E21); a project of the Manhattan Institute for Policy Research
Open Letter to Federal Reserve Chairman Ben Bernanke
November 15, 2010





We're in the midst of an international currency war. This threatens us because it takes away our competitiveness. The advanced countries are seeking to **devalue** their currencies.



Currency 'war' warning from Brazil's finance minister







Guido Mantega, Brazil Finance Minister Speech, Sao Paulo, Brazil September 27, 2010





MR. WARSH. The third argument that I've heard is about foreign exchange, and I think even those who do believe that there are real benefits in terms of net exports from weakening the **foreign exchange value of the dollar**, are hesitant and rightly so to say those words in public venues. They don't consider that to be politically correct. I think there's a good reason for that. I think it's a **dangerous policy**. I think it is risky pool playing in the foreign exchange markets, asking them to **do so much of our work** when the world's recovery is resting on this. I think this is a particularly risky strategy when you have the **world's reserve currency**.

November 2-3, 2010

1 of 238

Meeting of the Federal Open Market Committee on November 2-3, 2010

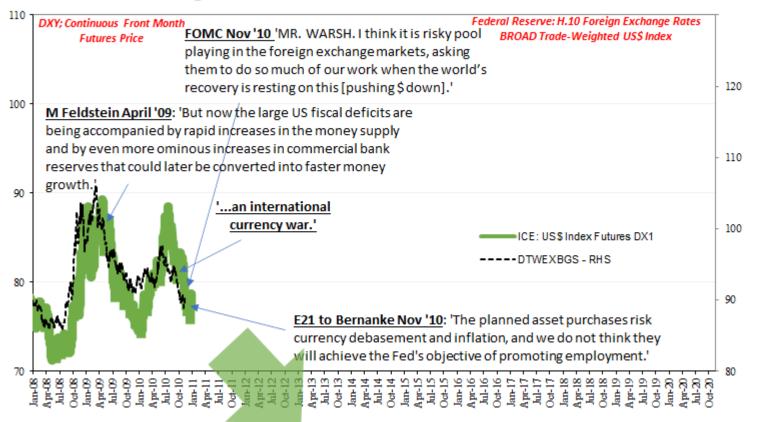
A meeting of the Federal Open Market Committee was held in the offices of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System in Washington, D.C., on Tuesday, November 2, 2010, at 1:00 p.m. and continued on Wednesday, November 3, 2010, at 9:00 a.m. Those present were the following:

Ben Bernanke, Chairman William C. Dudley, Vice Chairman James Bullard Elizabeth Duke Thomas M. Hoenig Sandra Pianalto Sarah Bloom Raskin Eric Rosengren Daniel K. Tarullo Kevin Warsh Janet L. Yellen

Christine Cumming, Charles L. Evans, Richard W. Fisher, Narayana Kocherlakota, and Charles I. Plosser, Alternate Members of the Federal Open Market Committee **Kevin Warsh, Governor, Federal Reserve System** *FOMC Policy Meeting (transcript) November 2-3, 2010*

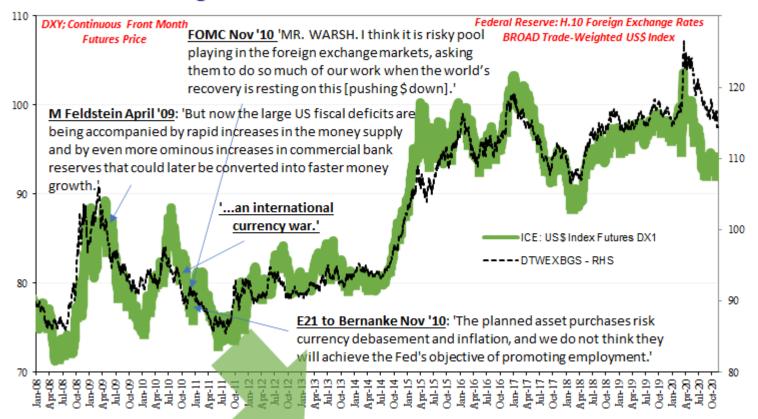


US\$ Exchange Value(s)



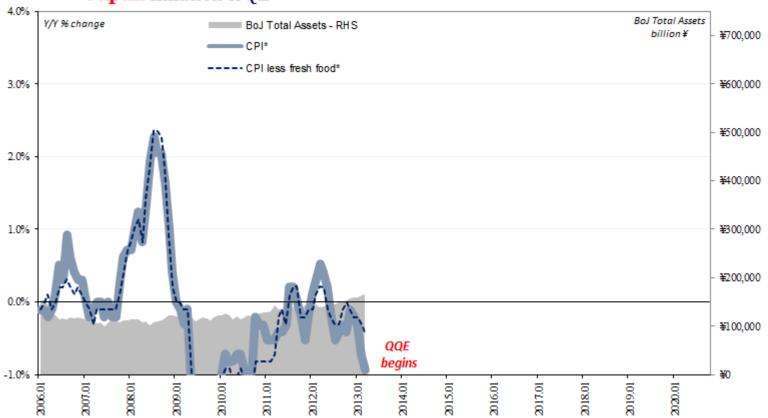


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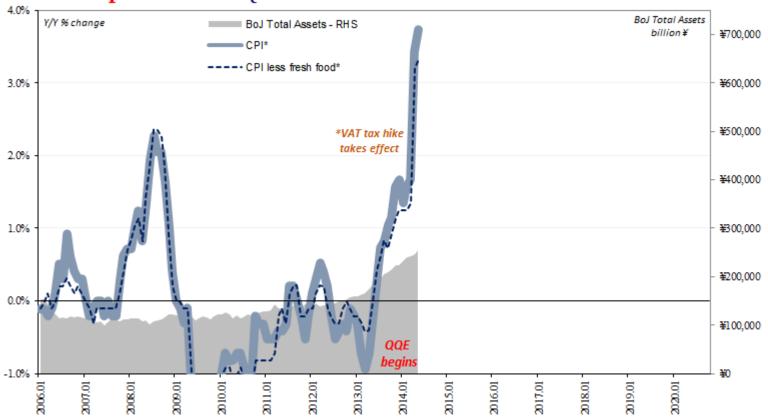






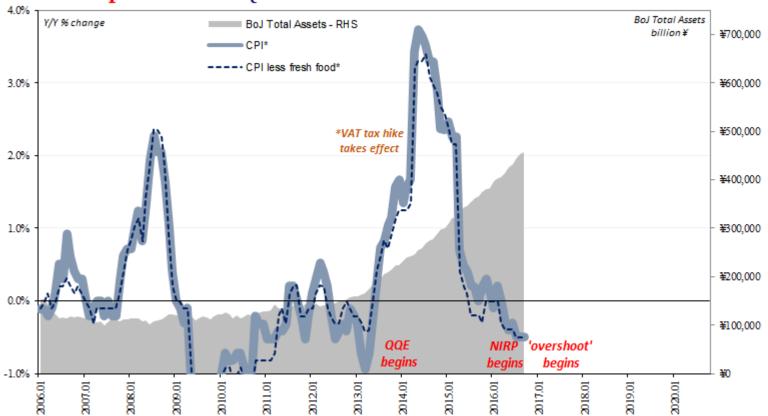


Japan Inflation & QE





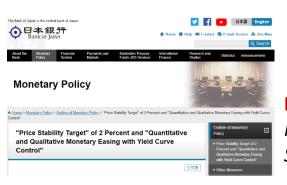
Japan Inflation & QE







The Bank will continue **expanding the monetary base** until the year-on-year **rate of increase** in the observed CPI (all items less fresh food) **exceeds** the price stability target of 2 percent and **stays above** the target in a stable manner.

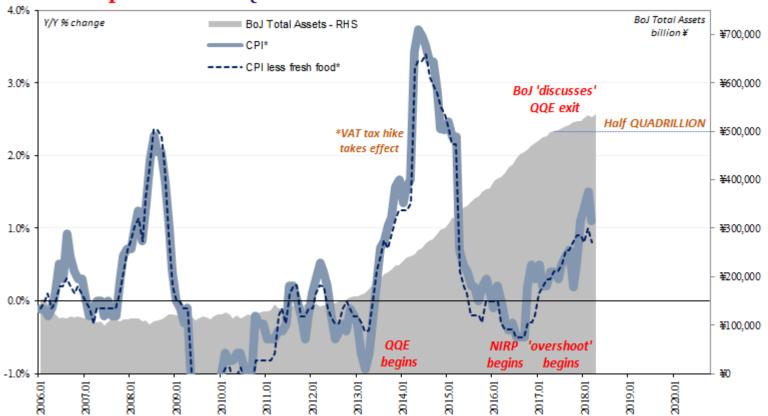


Bank of Japan

New Framework for Strengthening Monetary Easing September 21, 2016

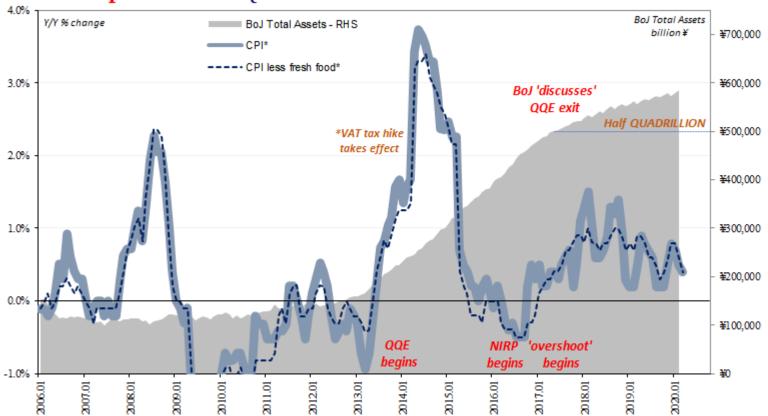






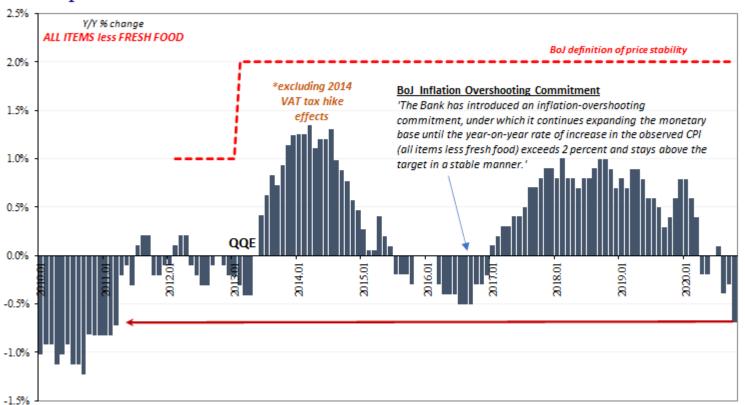


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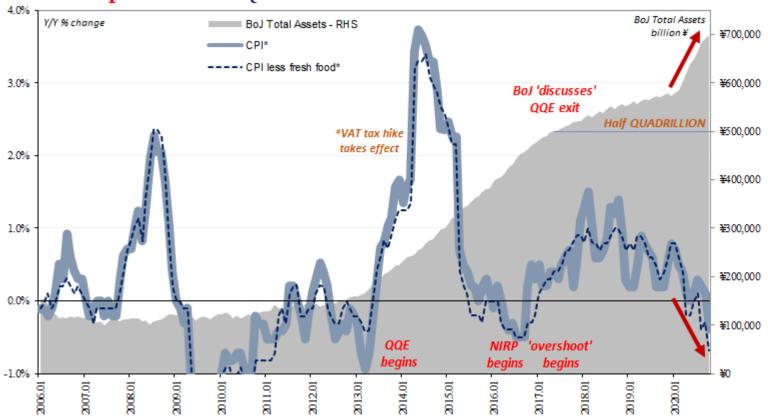


Japan CPI

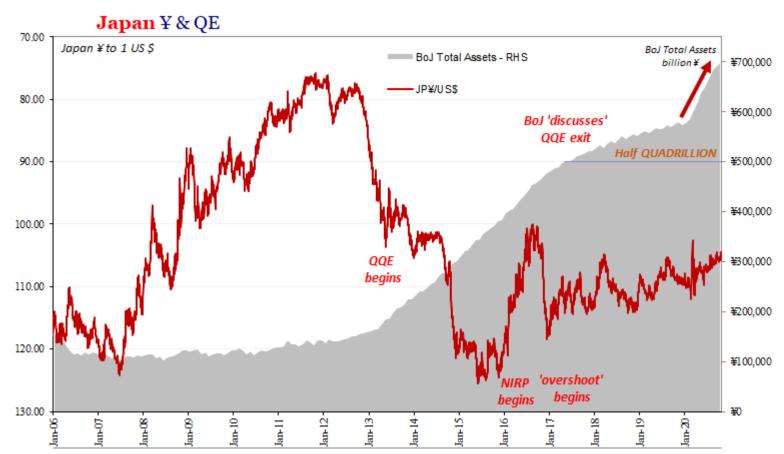




Japan Inflation & QE









Quantitative Easing Money Printing

A = B

Money Printing Inflation

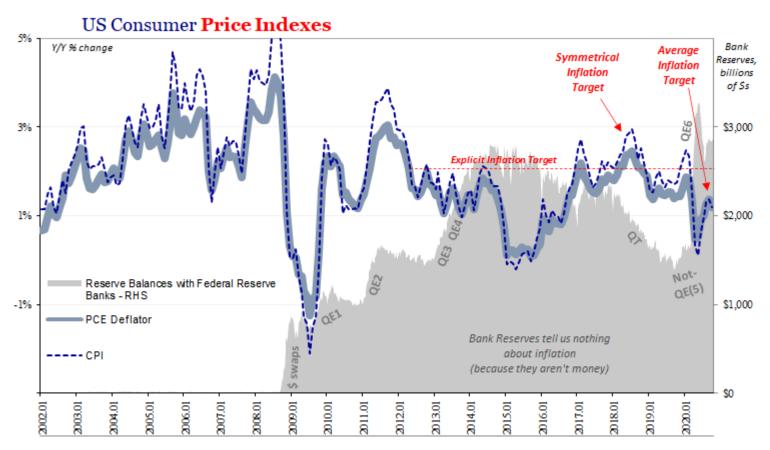
THEREFORE

Quantitative Easing Inflation

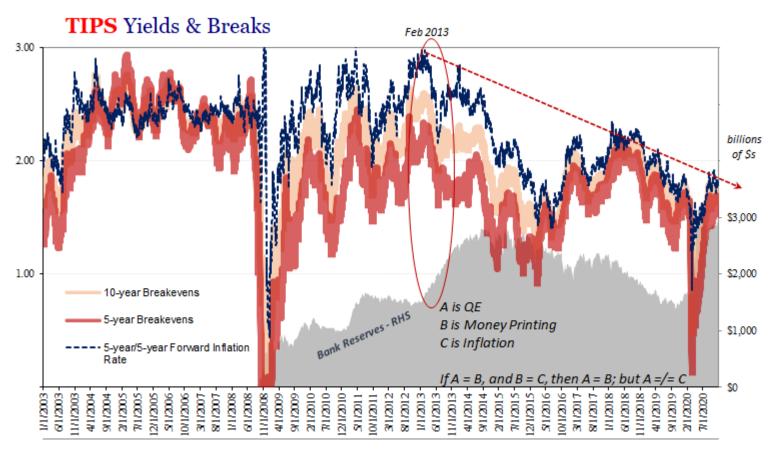


Bank of Japan H 本 銀 行 THE BANK OF JAPAN	Federal Reserve
ZIRP (feb '99)	ZIRP (dec '08)
QE (mar '01)	QE (dec '08)
QQE (apr '13)	Expanded QE (mar '20)
Inflation Target Overshooting (sept '16)	Symmetrical Inflation Target (may '18) Average Inflation Target (aug '20)
NIRP (jan '16)	Rumored (various times '20)
YCC (sept '16)	Discussed (various times '20)

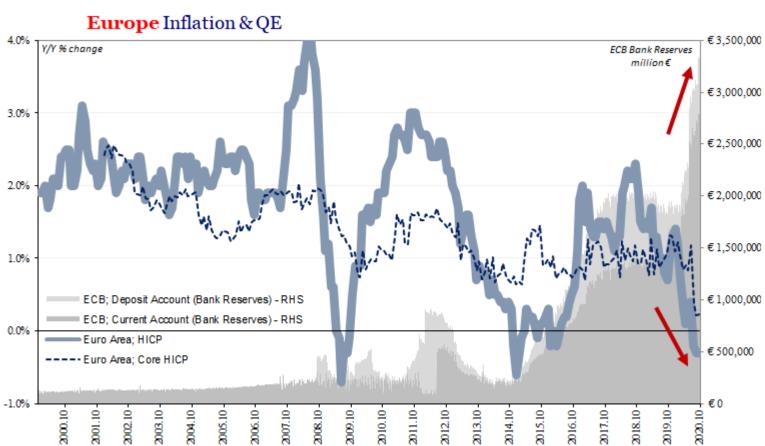














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QE creating bank reserves =/= money printing

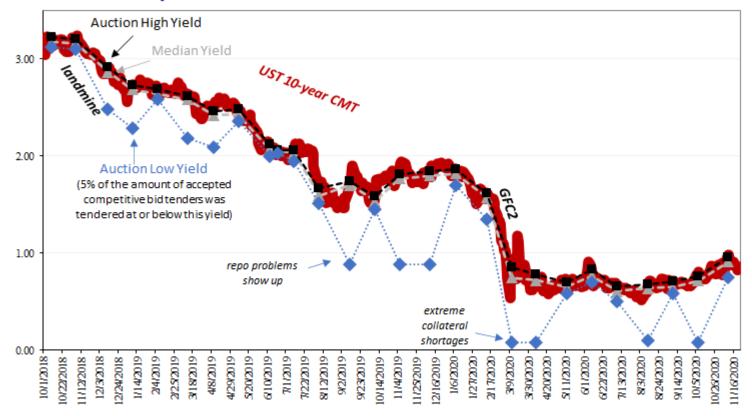
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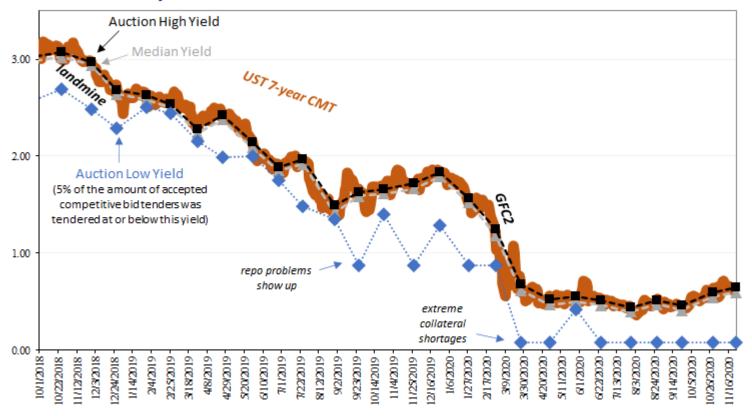


US Treasury & Auction Rates



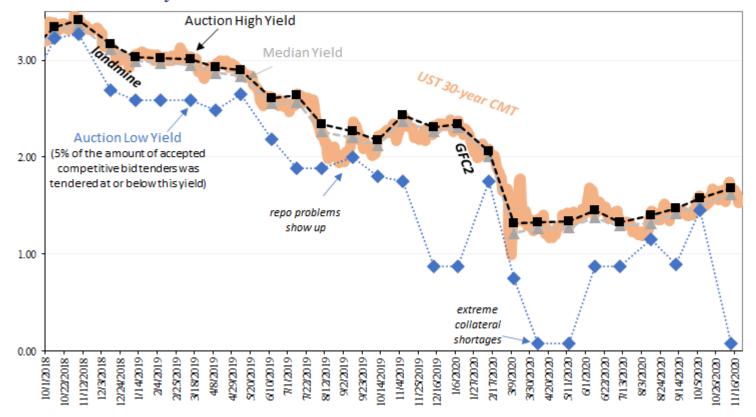


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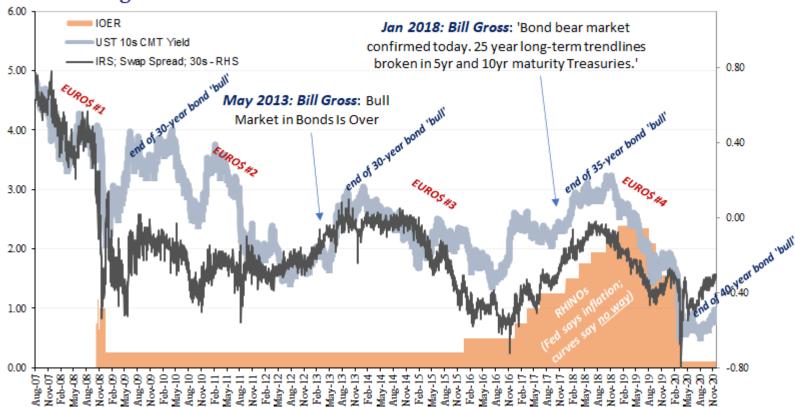


US Treasury & Auction Rates





The Regular Conundrum





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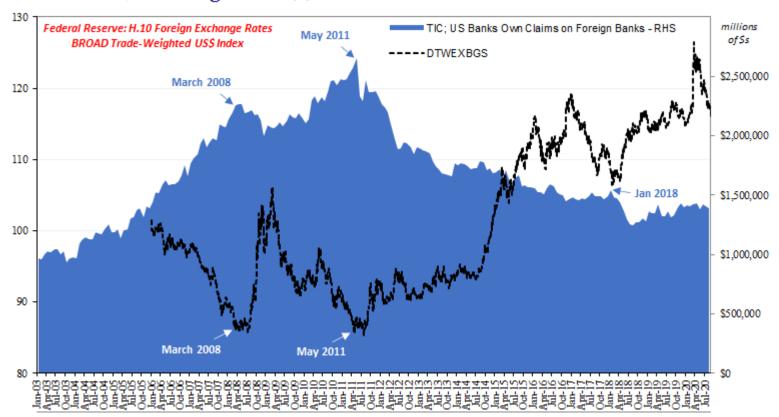
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US\$ Exchange Value(s)





The Boy(s & girls) Who Cried Yuan



If more and more people, companies and markets are using SDR as a unit of accounts, that would give it more advantages in the market.



Yi Gang, Current PBOC Governor IMF Spring Meetings April 2017



The Boy(s & girls) Who Cried Yuan



The majority of emerging markets and developing countries are not just facing a public health crisis, they also facing many economic and financial challenges.

The value of SDR's is determined on the basis of a basket of key currencies. The general allocation of SDR's can supplement the foreign exchange reserves of IMF's member states and raise their purchasing capability.



2020年7月16日英国《金融时报》刊发中国人民银行行长易纲文章《国际货币基金组织应 利用SDR应对新冠疫情》,以下为全文:

新冠疫情爆发以来,国际统币基金组织已先后采取一系列救助措施帮助成员国应对疫情。然而, 进行SDR普遍介配之项措施,虽经反复讨论,却始终未能落实。这是个错误。SDR有时被称作"纸黄 金",可以被快速创造。SDR普遍介配下层现在待拼上的拼刷。

在新冠疫情的巨大冲击下,新兴市场和发展中国家尤为脱弱,进行SDR普遍分配对其尤为重要。多

Yi Gang, PBOC Governor PBOC Essay July 20, 2020



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领导活动 / 正文

国际货币基金组织应利用SDR应对新冠疫情

来源:中国人民银行网站 作者: 层坝 发布日期: 2020-07-16 20:43

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Even China is arguing for <u>future</u> development of SDRs (not yuan) ...and not getting anywhere



How the world is told to see QE:



What's really been going on (13yrs and counting):





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Will be the First

(Eurodollar University)





